## A K M PUBLIC SCHOOL

## FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION (SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER)

## SECTION A

## MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

1. $\qquad$ is an improper value.
$\left(\frac{9}{11}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{5}{7}\right)$
2. $0 \cdot 35 \times 0 \cdot 2$ is equal to
$(0 \cdot 70,7 \cdot 0,0 \cdot 070)$
3. The equation for the number $x$ divided by 5 gives 6 .
$\left(\frac{x}{5}=6, \frac{x}{5}=5,5 x=6\right)$
4. The difference between the highest and the lowest observations of a data is called $\qquad$ .
(mean, range, median)
5. A ray has $\qquad$ end points. $(0,2,1)$
6. A line which intersects two or more given lines at different points is called $\qquad$ .
(intersecting lines, parallel line, transversal lines)
7. $107^{\circ}, 75^{\circ}$ are called $\qquad$ angles.
(supplementary, complementary, corresponding)
8. The $\qquad$ of a set of observation is the observation that occurs most often.
(median, mode, mean)
9. $\qquad$ is the only number which has its own reciprocal.
$(1,2,4)$
10. Assertion: The value of the variable in an equation for which the equation is called the solution of the equation.
Reason: The solution of the equation $2 x-3=5$ is $x=4$
a) Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation for assertion
b) Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation for assertion
c) Assertion is true but reason is false
d) Both assertion and reason are false

## FILL IN THE BLANKS

11. A fraction whose denominator is any of the numbers $10,100,1000$ etc is called a $\qquad$ fraction.
12. The place value of 9 in 2.932 is $\qquad$ .
13. The representation of data with bars of uniform width is called $\qquad$ .

| Category of shopper | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |

14. 

An a variable.
15.A line segment has $\qquad$ end points.
16. An equation in which the highest power of the variable is 1 is called $\qquad$ .
17.The sum of all the angles around a point is $\qquad$ .
18. When two lines intersect the vertically opposite angles so formed are $\qquad$ -
19. The complement angle of $20^{\circ}$ is $\qquad$ .
$20.6 x=30, x=$ $\qquad$ _.

## MATCH THE FOLLOWING

$1 \times 4=4$
21. Parallel lines are always

- supplementary angles

22. Linear pair angles are also

- length

23. A line segment has fixed

- equal

24. Vertically opposite angles are always - equidistant

## SECTION B

## SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

$2 \times 5=10$
25. Find the product $\frac{5}{6} \times 2{ }_{7}^{3}$.
26. Write the expanded form of 29.235
27. Find the median of the data $34,46,56,27,28,35,45$
28. Solve
a) $x-4=7$
b) $\frac{p}{7}=4$
29. Set up equations and solve: On adding 4 to eight times a number will give you 60 .

## SECTION C

Questions 30-33 carries 3 marks each
$4 \times 3=12$
30. Multiply and reduce to lowest form

$$
\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{15}{16}
$$

31. $3.96 \div 4$
32. A die was thrown 15 times and the outcomes recorded were
$5,3,4,1,2,4,4,2,3,2,1,5,6,1,2$ find the mean.?
33. Identify which of the following pairs of angles are complementary and which are supplementary $(95,85)(35,55)(112,68)(80,10)$
Question 34 carries 4 marks
34. Draw the bar graph

| Man(M) | 15 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Women(W) | 28 |
| $\operatorname{Boy}(\mathrm{~B})$ | 5 |
| $\operatorname{Girl}(\mathrm{G})$ | 12 |

## Question 35 carries 5 marks

35. CASE STUDY

Adithya and Anushka were playing a game on parallel lines and the angles are formed by the transversal the questions asked during the game was


1. Which is the vertically opposite angle of 3
a) $<2$
b) $<4$
c) $<1$
d) none of these
2. If $<5=80$ what is the measure of $<6$
a) 180
b) 100
c) 90
d) 50
3. Which is the corresponding angle of $<2$
a) $<5$
b) $<6$
c) $<7$
d) $<8$
4. What is the sum of $<7 \&<8$
5. Which will be the pair of interior angles on same side of transversal
a) $<3 \&<6 ;<4 \&<5$
b) $<2 \&<6$; $<1 \&<5$
c) $<3 \&<7 ;<4 \&<8$
d) none of these
